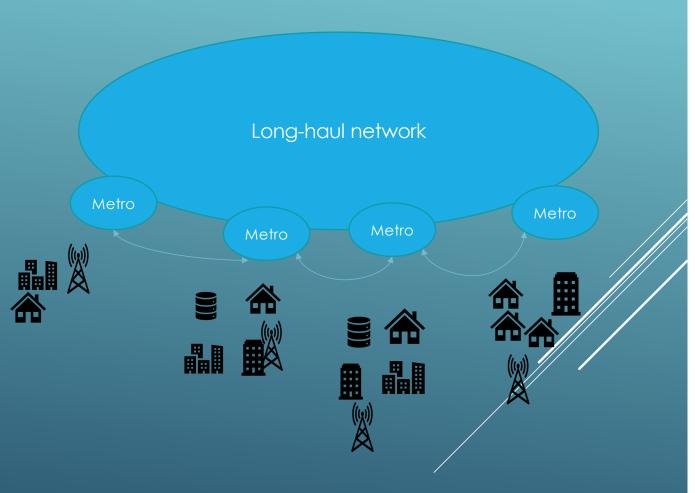
DELIVERING LARGE SCALE NETWORKS

by Martha Muriuki





- -Facilitating connectivity within country
- -Country to country
- -Submarine: continent to continent



STRATEGY



Strategy definition:

- Intense market study, needs assessment & feasibility study, SWOT
- 2. Scope definition: i.e. coverage area, technology, deployment, service delivery, Scalability & future-proofing
- 3. Over-aching objective of the project/Key deliverables
- 4. Financial planning: define project financing source, strategic partnerships, contractual swap arrangements, USF, etc
- 5. Stakeholder identification: SWOT e.g. financial muscle, Strategy, political alignments etc

STRATEGY

Strategic engagement

- 1. License/permit acquisition
- 2. Stakeholder engagement: governments, utility providers, transport authorities e.g. road, maritime and environmental regulators etc
- 3. Community engagement & contracting where applicable
- 4. Construction partner(s) contracting: define scope, role in project deployment. Prefer a win-win scenario

DEFINE THE HOW: OPERATIONAL

- Which project management methodology works best for the project?
- How will materials be produced and delivered?
- ✓ How will the deployment be done? Mechanically or Manually.
- ✓ Do we build the tools or buy?
- ✓ What skills are needed on the team? welders, surveyors, civil engineers, structural engineers, architects, boat captains, locomotive drivers, plate layers, chefs, camp managers?
- Availability of local expertise/community engagement and buy into the project
- ✓ Need security e.g. military or police escort, navy clearance etc.
- ✓ Project milestones vs billing milestones vs material payment

GETTING TO WORK: BACKEND

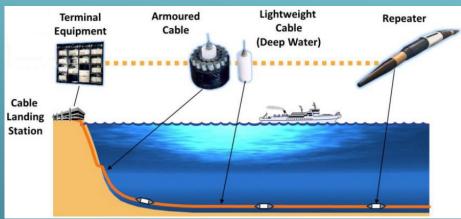
- -Contracting: very clear and concise contracts with each stakeholder i.e. staff, suppliers, partners, service providers, equipment lease, utility providers etc. Could lead to liability and lost assets.
- Survey: Bathymetric tests, soil testing etc.
- Design project critical path and confirm feasibility.
- Permits & right of way applications
- -Procurement initiation: Might need supplier visits for conformity. Must have an industry standard as a reference point. Each product must be tested for conformity by supplier & inspection bodies e.g. SGS, Bureau Veritas etc.
- -Insurance procurement for materials, staff & equipment.
- -HSE assessment and preparation

GETTING TO WORK: ON SITE

- Material delivery
- ▶ Team arrival & mobilization
- Stakeholder meetings: e.g. local community engagement, forest rangers, military, marine, Mayor & local government entities
- Permit verification
- Project kickoff
 - ▶ Implementation
 - Address teething issues e.g. equipment modification, enhance HSE
 - Scope change
 - Project reporting
 - ➤ Milestone reporting until completion

PROJECT COMMISSIONING AND HANDOVER

- Depending on the impact of the project and engaged stakeholder commissioning could be:
 - National commissioning
 - Community testing
 - Partner testing and signoff
 - Customer signoff and launch of their services. E.g. backbone equipment for an MNO that enables them to launch a network.



Source: https://antakia.es/en/working-areas/submarine





Submarine joint closure



Armored cable on the ocean floor

Source: https://theweek.com/news/technology/9.55812/underseacables-connect-world-subject-concern

UNDERGROUND DEPLOYMENTS: MECHANIZED





Source:

Source

UNDERGROUND DEPLOYMENTS: MECHANIZED





Source: https://www.altec.com/products/digger-derricks

KEY LESSONS

- Automate, mechanize...simplify the work
- Risk management: Plan for the worst-case scenario. Intensify planning and risk management
- > Agility: Be ready to innovate as you implement the project
- Co-exist with the environment around you: villagers, fishermen, wildlife and rangers etc. The deployment should never destabilize the environment or local communities
- ▶ Document EVERYTHING
- Stay hungry for knowledge

Q & A